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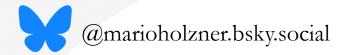
59th FIW lecture BMWET, Vienna, 22 May 2025



(Customs) Unity as Strength: How the EU and Its Partners Can Respond to Tariff Threats

Mario Holzner, wiiw Director

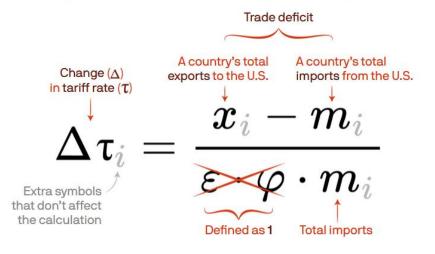








The Trump administration's tariff calculation, annotated



In plain language:

Source: United States Trade Representative; Graphic: Kavya Beheraj/Axios





PRESIDENT DONALD J. TRUMP

The WHITE HOUSE







□ PRESIDENTIAL ACTIONS

Regulating Imports with a Reciprocal Tariff to Rectify Trade Practices that Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits

Executive Orders

April 2, 2025





US 10 year Treasury

US10YT







PRESIDENT TRUMP AND THE FIRST LADY PARTICIPATE IN A BILL SIGNING. MAY 19, 2025



PRESIDENT TRUMP AND THE FIRST LADY PARTICIPATE IN A BILL SIGNING, MAY 19, 2025



PRESIDENT TRUMP AND THE FIRST

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PRESIDENT DONALD J. TRUMP

The WHITE HOUSE







MODIFYING RECIPROCAL TARIFF RATES TO REFLECT TRADING PARTNER RETALIATION AND ALIGNMENT

Executive Orders

April 9, 2025







Trump's Love for Tariffs Began in Japan's '80s Boom

U.S. Debt Rattles Markets

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Europe's Economic Growth

Tariffs









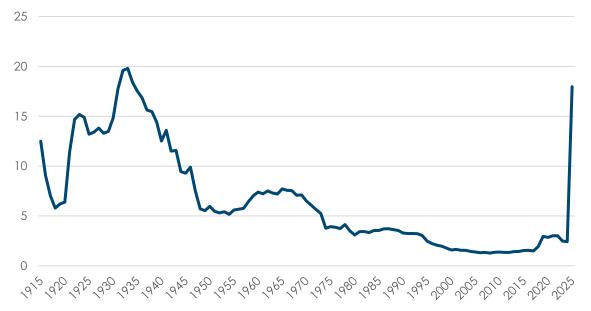
Donald J. Trump in 1987. Allies and historians say that his admiration of tariffs is one of his longest and most deeply held policy positions. Joe McNally/Getty Images





Trump has ended decades of U.S. advocacy for free trade, reminding us of the last U.S.-led global trade war during the 1920s and 1930s

U.S. average effective tariff rate, 1915-2025, in %



Source: The Budget Lab at Yale, 15 April 2025.







English | Español













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The WITS Global Tariff Cuts and Trade Simulator, is an analytical tool that enables you to perform the following:

Tariff Cuts

In Tariff Cuts module, users can cut the applied tariff rates using prescribed formulas. Available formulas include specification of new rate or new maximum rate, linear percentage cut or Swiss formula. Any number of different formulas (or same formula with different parameters) may be applied for different products and countries. Both pre- and post-tariff cut rates are reported for every importer-exporter combination and for each product at HS 6-digit level.

Global Simulation

The Global Simulation model is developed by Professors Joseph Francoise and Keith Hall. The model is a partial equilibrium analysis of global trade policy changes at the industry (product) level. The framework employs national product differentiation, and allows for the simultaneous assessment of trade policy changes, at the industry level, on a global, regional, or national level. Results allow the assessment of importer and exporter effects related to trade values, tariff revenues, exporter (producer) surplus, and importer (consumer). For more information on Global Simulation Methodology, click here

SMART with Users' Own Data

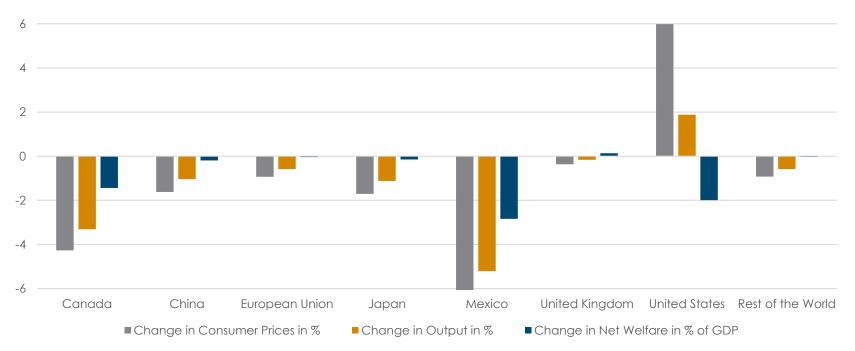
In this module, users can export the template, populate it with their own data, import it to the module and run the SMART simulation. If only a part of the data elements are available with the users, they can download the data from the SMART module within WITS and use only the missing elements to be combined with the own data. For more information on SMART Simulation Methodology, click here





Upper baseline scenario: Disruptive effects of full "reciprocal" tariffs

Simulated trade war effects in terms of inflation, output and net welfare, upper baseline scenario



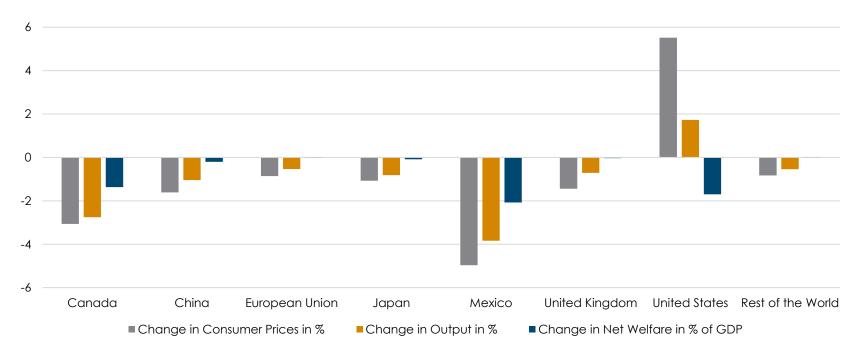
Source: Own calculations using the partial equilibrium GSIM model.





Upper cooperation scenario: Trade surplus economies benefit

Simulated trade war effects, upper CA-EU-JP-MX-UK cooperation scenario



Source: Own calculations using the partial equilibrium GSIM model.





An EU customs union with major trade partners would also complement ongoing trade agreement negotiations and ratifications







Policy recommendation: A call for more cooperation at every level

- EU common market perspective: EU budget, Eurobonds, investment in European public goods, capital market integration
- EU extended enlargement perspective: Accelerate EU enlargement also for new potential candidates e.g. IS, NO, GL, ...
- EU close partnership perspective: Invite key like-minded global partners – such as UK, CA, JP, MX – to form a customs union
- EU global neighbourhood perspective: Broaden concept of neighbourhood to a global scale, strengthening ties with e.g. IN ...

Wiener Institut für Internationale Wirtschaftsvergleiche

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Thank you for your attention

Mario Holzner, wiiw Director



